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C102

SCHEDULE 13 TO THE DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT OVERLAY

Shown on the planning scheme map as **DDO13**.

Residential Areas Surrounding Prominent Intersections And/Or Interfacing Commercial Areas

1.0

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Design objectives

To increase residential densities and provide a range of housing types around activity centres.

To encourage development that is contemporary in design that includes an articulated built form and incorporates a range of visually interesting building materials and facade treatments.

To support four storey, 'apartment style', developments on larger lots where ResCode standards can be met and which are located at prominent intersections and/or which interface commercial areas.

To ensure new development is well articulated and upper storey elements are not unduly bulky or visually intrusive when viewed from the public realm.

To encourage spacing between developments to minimise a continuous building line when viewed from a street.

To ensure the design and siting of dwellings have regard to the future development opportunities and future amenity of adjoining properties.

To ensure overlooking into adjoining properties is minimised.

To provide built form and landscape outcomes that provide for an appropriate transition to surrounding development.

To encourage landscaping around buildings to enhance separation between buildings and soften built form.

To ensure development is designed and sited to maximise opportunities for public surveillance of the public realm and provide safe, accessible environments by integrating to adjoining or nearby commercial areas.

To create a boulevard effect along Doncaster Road and Manningham Road by planting trees within the front setback that are consistent with the street trees.

To ensure the design of basement and undercroft car parking complement the design of the building, minimises unsightly projections of basement walls above natural ground level and are sited to provide effective screen planting

To ensure that on-site car parking is designed and located having regard to local traffic conditions.

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Buildings and works

Building height

The maximum height of a building and works must not exceed 13.5m.

A permit cannot be granted to vary this requirement.

For the purposes of this Schedule, the maximum building height does not include building services, lift over-runs and roof mounted equipment, including screening devices.

Form

Development must:

- Ensure that the site area covered by buildings does not exceed 60 percent.
- Preferably be on a lot with a minimum area of 1800sqm and comply with the setback requirements in ResCode Clause 55.04-1.
- Be set back 6m from the front boundary, unless a reduced setback provides transition to adjacent buildings or is located at the prominent intersection of two main roads. For the purposes of this Schedule, balconies, terraces, and verandahs may encroach within the front setback by a maximum of 2.0m, but must not extend along the width of the building.
- Provide visual interest through articulation, glazing and variation in materials and textures.
- Minimise buildings on side and rear boundaries to create spacing between developments.
- Where appropriate, ensure that buildings are stepped down to provide a transition to the scale of the adjacent residential development.
- Where appropriate, ensure that buildings are designed to step with the slope of the land.
- Be designed and sited to address slope constraints, including minimising views of basement projections and/or minimising the height of finished floor levels and providing appropriate retaining wall presentation.
- Avoid reliance on below ground light courts for any habitable rooms.
- Ensure that the upper level of a four storey building does not exceed 75% of the lower levels, unless it can be demonstrated that there is sufficient architectural interest to reduce the appearance of visual bulk and minimise continuous sheer wall presentation.
- Integrate porticos and other design features within the overall design of the building and not include imposing design features such as double storey porticos.
- Be designed to minimise overlooking and avoid the excessive application of screen devices.
- Ensure design solutions respect the principle of equitable access at the main entry of any building for people of all mobilities.
- Ensure basement, basement entries and/or undercroft car parks are not visually obtrusive when viewed from the public realm.
- Integrate car parking requirements into the design of buildings.
- Ensure the setback of the basement or undercroft car park is consistent with the front building setback and is setback a minimum of 4.0m from the rear boundary, where adjacent to a dwelling in a General Residential Zone 1, to enable effective landscaping to be established.
- Ensure that building walls, including basements, are sited a sufficient distance from site boundaries to enable the planting of effective screen planting, including canopy trees, in larger spaces.
- Ensure that service equipment, building services, lift over-runs and roof-mounted equipment, including screening devices is integrated into the built form or otherwise screened to minimise the aesthetic impacts on the streetscape and avoids unreasonable amenity impacts on surrounding properties and open spaces.

- Ensure that where development incorporates non-residential uses, that transparent glazed windows or doors are provided along ground floor frontages onto a street.

Car parking and access

Development must:

- Include only one vehicular crossover, wherever possible, to maximise availability of on street parking and to minimise disruption to pedestrian movement. Where possible, retain existing crossovers to avoid the removal of street tree(s). Driveways must be setback a minimum of 1.5m from any street tree, except in cases where a larger tree requires an increased setback.
- Ensure that when the basement car park extends beyond the built form of the ground level of the building in the front and rear setback, any visible extension is utilised for paved open space or is appropriately screened, as is necessary.
- Ensure that where garages are located in the street elevation, they are set back a minimum of 1.0m from the front setback of the dwelling.
- Ensure that access gradients of basement car parks are designed appropriately to provide for safe and convenient access for vehicles and servicing requirements.

Landscaping

Development must:

- Include canopy tree/s within the front setback, which have a spreading crown, and is capable of growing to a height of 8.0m or more at maturity.
- Provide opportunities for planting along side and rear boundaries in areas that assist in breaking up the length of continuous built form and/or soften the appearance of the built form.

Fencing

A front fence must be at least 50 per cent transparent.

On sites that front Doncaster, Tram, Elgar, Manningham, Thompsons, Blackburn and Mitcham Roads, a fence must:

- not exceed a maximum height of 1.8m;
- be set back a minimum of 1.0m from the front title boundary;

and a continuous landscaping treatment within the 1.0m setback must be provided.

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Subdivision

A permit is not required to subdivide land under this control.

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Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, the responsible authority must consider:

- Whether the design objectives and design requirements of this schedule have been satisfied.